Innovation for Our Energy Future



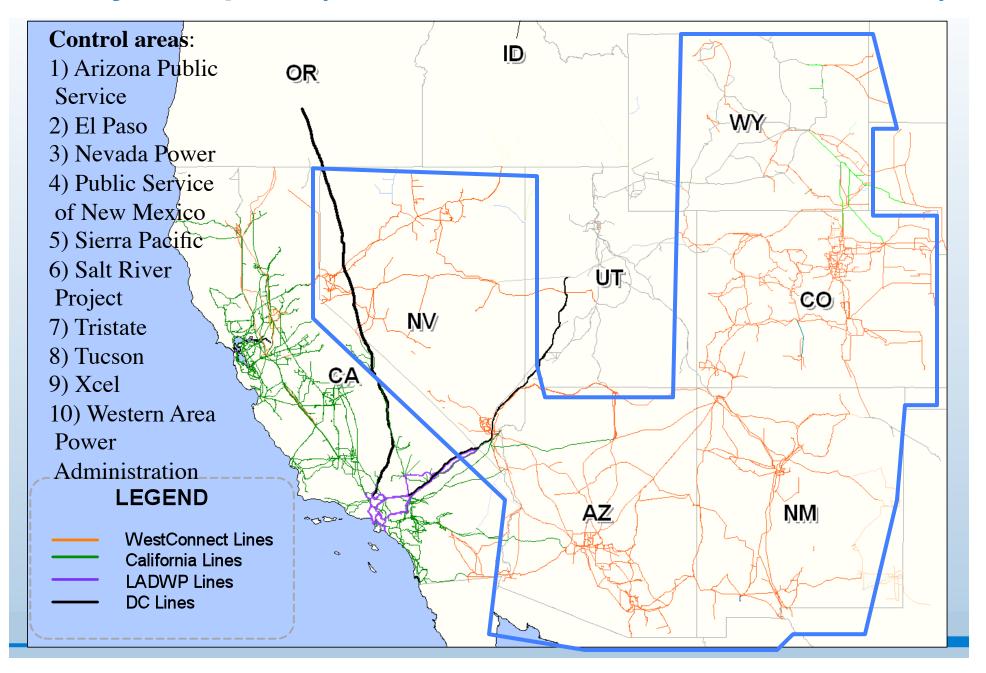
Western Wind and Solar Integration Study

Debbie Lew NREL July 25, 2008

earch Institute • Battelle



Study Footprint (WestConnect outside of California)



Overview

Goal

- To understand the costs and operating impacts due to the variability and uncertainty of wind, PV and concentrating solar power (CSP) on the grid
- Not the cost of wind or solar generation

Issues

- Does geographic diversity help?
- How do local resources compare to out-of-state resources
- Can balancing area cooperation help manage variability?
- What is the benefit of wind forecasting?
- How can hydro help with wind integration?

Scope of study

- Operations, not transmission study
- Study year 2017 to line up with WECC studies
- Simulate load and climate of 2004, 2005, 2006 forecast to 2017
- Simulate all of WECC but all subhourly variability accommodated by WestConnect

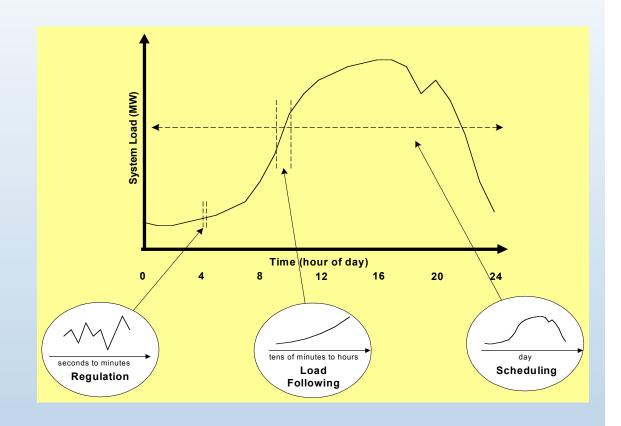
High Renewables Basecase 2017

	Wind	Solar PV	Concentrating Solar Power	Total
Study footprint (WestConnect)	30% by energy	1.5%	3.5%	35%
	28,256 MW	2472 MW	2884 MW	33,613 MW
Rest of WECC	20%	0.9%	2.1%	23%
Rest of WECC	2070	0.970	2. 1 70	2370
	36,767 MW	2895 MW	3378 MW	43,040 MW
Total	65,023 MW	5368 MW	6262 MW	76,654 MW



Integration Study - Key Tasks

- Evaluate operating impacts and associated costs
 - Regulation
 - Load Following
 - Unit Commitment
- Evaluate reliability impacts
 - Effective LoadCarrying Capability/Loss of LoadProbability





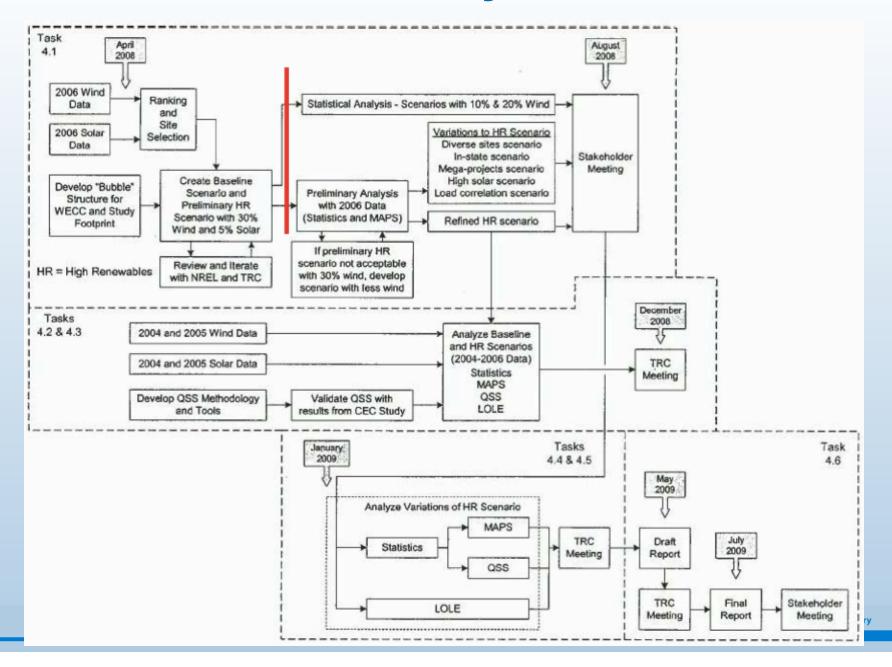
Tasks and Schedule

- Stakeholder Meeting (5/23/07)
- Data Collection (until 5/08)
 - Wind and solar mesoscale modeling (3TIER)
 - Utility load, generator, transmission data (Exeter)
- Preliminary Analysis (3-7/08) GE
 - Extensive statistical analysis with various options for wind/solar sites and transmission
- Scenario Development (8/08) GE
 - In-state vs out-of-state resources
 - Geographically diverse resources
 - Mega projects
 - Best correlated with load
- Stakeholder Meeting (8/14/08)
- Run Scenarios (starting 8/08) GE
 - Examine costs due to regulation, load following, unit commitment
 - "Dives" to investigate issues such as Hoover
 - Examine mitigation strategies/options
 - Determine contributions to reliability and capacity value
- Preliminary Technical Results (end '08)
- Reporting and Stakeholder Meeting (mid '09)

TRC calls held ~bimonthly



GE Detailed Analysis Schedule



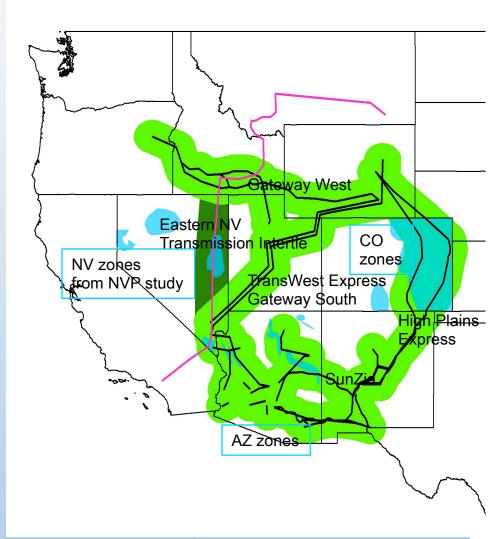
Wind Data

- Previous data sets assembled from various years, measurements and assumptions
- Hired 3TIER to undertake largest wind mesomodeling to date
- Wind speed database (24TB)
 - Entire western US at 2km x 2km grid
 - 10, 20, 50, 100, and 200m hub heights
 - 10 minute intervals for 2004-6
- Wind power database (100's GB)
 - Selected 32,000 grid points
 - Each grid points holds 30 MW
 - Based on Vestas V90 3MW turbine and 3TIER's SCORE process
 - Hourly forecast for day-ahead wind output National Renewable Energy Laboratory



Wind Site Selection

- 3TIER downselected from 1.2M to 30,000 points. GE will select final sites.
 - Exclusions recreation, urban, forests, slopes, high elevation, etc. (NREL)
 - Preselected sites existing or planned wind plants (Platts database/NREL)
 - Transmission corridors or zones (200 GW) - based on proposed new transmission and initial zone information (excl new NV zones)
 - Load correlation (250 GW) best diurnal correlation with Westconnect load
 - Best resource (450 GW) best wind power density
 - Additional sites added in to help validate model results





Web-based interface for wind data

- Click on site and download 10 minute wind speed and wind power output data stream for selected periods
- Planned release in summer to be accompanied by webinars explaining use of database

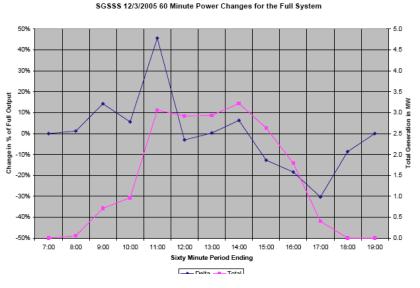


Solar Modeling

- Perez of SUNY ran solar model for US
 - 10km x 10 km grid
 - 1 hour intervals for 2004-2006
 - Direct normal and global insolation
 - Available at http://rredc.nrel.gov/solar/old_data/nsrdb/1991-2005/
- PV Modeling
 - By weather station site (150 sites for western US)
 - Template of different orientations and tracking configurations
- Concentrating Solar Power (CSP) Modeling
 - Parabolic trough plants with 6 hours thermal molten salt storage, similar to APS Abengoa plant
 - Modeled over 200 GW of CSP sites
- Fast PV variations driving need for subhourly PV analysis



Need for Subhourly PV Analysis





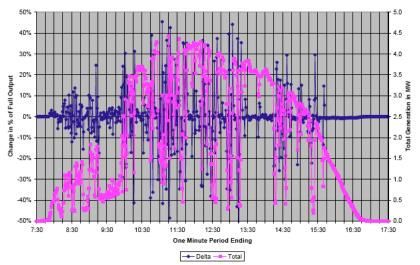
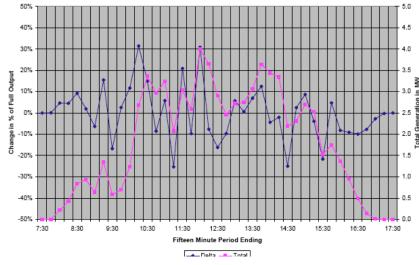
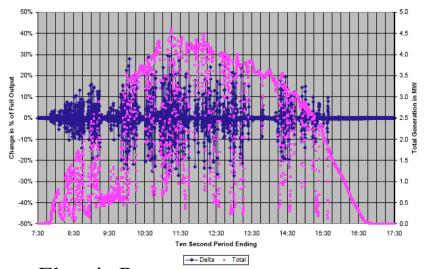


Figure 10

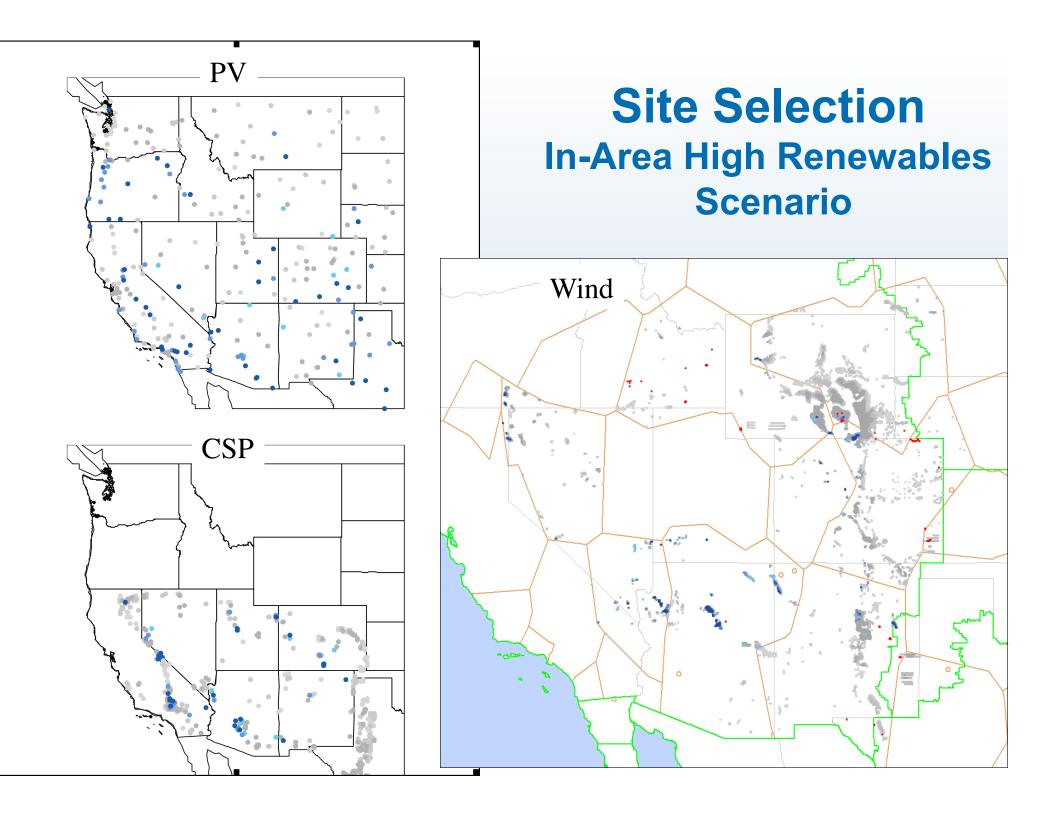




SGSSS 12/3/2005 10 Second Power Changes for the Full System



Source: Tom Hansen, Tucson Electric Power Figure 11



Stakeholder Meeting

August 14, Embassy Suites - Denver/Aurora

- Wind and Solar Modeling and Data
- Statistical analysis of Baseline and In-Area Renewables scenarios
 - 10/20/30% wind penetration by energy
 - Up to 5% solar penetration by energy, of which 70% CSP, 30% PV
 - Model significant renewables in the rest of WECC
- MAPS runs of baseline and in-area scenarios
- Propose additional scenarios
 - Least-cost of delivered energy; load correlation; high solar; etc.
- Stakeholder discussion and input



Summary

- Wind mesomodel datasets are being validated and will be publicly available in summer 2008
- Stakeholder Meeting August 14, 2008 in Colorado
- Revised analysis timeline:
 - Preliminary results TRC call in late 2008
 - Draft report May 2009
 - Final report July 2009

